

The Transcript.

DAILY—issued every afternoon (except Sunday) at five o'clock.
WEEKLY—issued every Thursday morning.
BY THE
TRANSCRIPT PUBLISHING COMPANY,
FROM
TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, BANK STREET,
NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.
—John A. Andrew.

SPECIAL TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Through being a member of the ASSOCIATED PRESS THE TRANSCRIPT has the exclusive facilities for this locality of the latest American and foreign news.

Entered at the Post Office, North Adams, Mass., as second class mail matter.

"WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY."
From the Seal of North Adams.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 22 '96

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS

For President,
WILLIAM McKinley
of Ohio.

For Vice President,
GARRET A. HOBART
of New Jersey.

"IT KEEPS ME GOOD."

The other night between the closing of one busy day and the opening of another, after pen and paper had been put away, we started out for our midnight walk home. We met a young fellow, a manly sort of chap, one of the bright, every kind with that off-hand vigorous manner that you never stop to associate particularly with anything in the sentimental line.

We strolled along together in the quiet hour taking our goodnight smoke and chatting about the relative merits of various smoking tobaccos, for ferriers and such things, when suddenly the young fellow stopped and gave a most peculiar whistle, something resembling a whirr-poor-will's note, a call perhaps to an absent mate.

Away it was peculiarly characteristic and evidently conveyed a sort of an understood good-night. The interruption was only for an instant when he said, "Excuse me, she understands it; she listens for it every night; she would hear it any hour and then go to sleep; she knows where I am; it keeps me good."

And then we went on chatting about almost everything but women and girls.

But somehow the little incident of the summer midnight signal and the listening girl brought up the idea of how much power there is after all in quiet womanhood and girlhood. And it made us wonder if women always realize and understand the strength of an influence they possess that makes no conspicuous exhibition of itself. It may be that the "new woman" in her ebullient public demonstrations exerts some influence such as it is, but we have a feeling that mothers and sisters and sweethearts and wives in quiet households have a sweet power, if they but realize and use it, that will make a fellow say "It keeps me good."

THE PEOPLE THE CAPITALISTS OF THIS COUNTRY.

I have mentioned campaign, when not only an national honor and credit are at stake, but when is being decided the future welfare and prosperity of the most worthy industries and institutions upon which millions of our people depend for earning their living and for the safe preservation of their hard earned savings, the most serious consideration should be given to finding out just who would be the greatest sufferers by the free coinage of silver.

The bearing of the silver question upon the millions of our "city people, the largest and most desirable class of our citizens in the preservation of our industries and in the development of our country, is clearly shown in a most admirable manner by a prominent financier in a recent interview published in the New York Mail and Express. The gentleman speaking is widely known in New York as a conservative man of great ability and as being very far from one who would speak for sensational effect contrary to his knowledge and experience. He stands at the head of one of the largest and most prominent savings banks in the United States. He says:

"Bryan, in all of his public utterances, has cried down the capitalists of the country. Let the depositors estimate the capital of all the so-called 'rich' men who have incurred the hatred of Bryan and his followers, and when they have done so, let them compare the \$2,000,000,000 in the savings banks of this country with the savings banks of this country. Think of what a vast sum it becomes when gathered together in the savings banks! To the people and not the wealthy men, are the capitalists of this country, against whom he and his followers rail and find fault."

"Now, Bryan says he wishes to protect the debtor class, and complains that gold has increased in value, and therefore, that the creditor class are receiving the benefit from such increase in value. Who are the debtor class in this country, but the depositors in the savings banks, the holders of life insurance policies, members of building and loan associations and the various associations of sick and destitute? Probably \$40,000,000 or \$50,000,000, if not more, is paid out daily in this country to the laborer, and throughout the world possibly \$1,000,000,000 each day is paid out.

"The laborer gives his work and the

labor of his hands, and on each day, at sunset, is a creditor to the extent of the wages paid him; therefore, the laborers of this country and the laborers of the world are truly the creditor class. Bryan says to these men: 'The dollar which you now receive for your labor has increased in value and is too good, and I propose to cut down the value of that dollar in order that the debtor class shall receive the benefit.' Now, who are the debtor class? All men buy and trade, and are in and out of debt from time to time, and no man can honestly be classed among the debtor class of a nation except when the process of liquidation has developed the fact that he is unable to pay his creditors and have anything left.

"The farmer may have a mortgage upon his farm, but if he can sell that farm for more than it is mortgaged and have money left over after the farm is sold, he is truly a creditor and not a debtor; therefore the debtor class of a nation are those who, for various reasons, are unsuccessful in life—they are the bankrupt, the idler, the pauper and speculator, and not the laboring man, not the savings bank depositor, not those who are thrifty of the nation, but those others, who always form the element which cry out against capital against prosperity, against thrift, and demand repudiation, anarchy and ruin."

DON'T SWAP HORSES.

Somebody wants Congressman Wright's shoes, eh? Well, well, what next? That was a nice little job put up last winter, wasn't it, to dump Mr. Wright? But we don't believe it will work for a cent with the people. It will be hard to make the people see the force of the argument of dropping a man of probity, experience and good business abilities, like Mr. Wright, just to gratify the political ambition of someone over in Holyoke, up in little Franklin, or elsewhere in the district, who is anxious to get into the band wagon, for the purpose of blowing his own horn for the education of the nation. Guess not! This isn't a good year to swap horses. Keep the old reliable team till we get across the river. It is no time now to break in young colts. There is no telling what they might do.

When that slick looking fellow comes around, with a tongue as smooth as grease, and a countenance beaming with love for his country, and appeals to your patriotism, to use your influence in behalf of some new aspirant for Congressional honors, just quietly and firmly inform him that his man isn't "it" this year. Tell him that you believe in doing what is right, and that you know that your man is Wright, every time. After this disinterested emissary, who is working for a friend, who is willing to be sacrificed on the altar of his country, has traveled around a while, he will have seen and heard enough to send him home to his principal, with "a flea in his ear," which flea will impart the information that the people having got Wright, know enough to keep right along in the present track, letting well enough alone.—Westfield Times and News Letter.

THE EDITOR'S SHEARS.

FOR TODAY.

A CHARACTER.

He was always a sayin': "It's all for the best."

No matter what fortune was bringin', He did what he could—left to heaven the rest.

An' went on his pathway a-singin'!

By day and by night—in the dark, in the light,

You'd find him serene and contented; The world, to his motion, was treatin' him right.

An' his way with his roses was scented. His life was a lesson all comfortin'—sweet!

A life that was kind and forgivin', For who, when the sharp thorns are piercin' his feet,

Can thank the good Lord that he's livin'?

But sometimes I think when the heart in the breast

Is sick with its sorrow and grievin', If things never happen at all "for the best."

We can make them the best by believin'!

—FRANK L. STANTON.

SONGS UNSUNG.

Sweet the song of the thrush at dawning,

When the grass lies wet with spangled dew;

Sweet the sound of the brook's low whisper

Mid reeds and rushes wandering through;

Clear and pure is the west wind's murmur

That croons in the branches all day long;

But the songs unsung are the sweetest music

And the dreams that die are the soul of song.

The fairest hope is the one which faded,

The brightest leaf is the leaf that fell;

The song that leaps from the lips of silence

Dies away in an old sea-shell.

Far to the depths of visionless fancy

The soul's swift flight like a swallow goes,

For the note unheard is the bird's best song!

And the bud unborn is the reddest rose.

Deepest thoughts are the ones unsung,

That only the heart-sense, listening, hears;

Most great joys bring a touch of silence,

Greatest grief is unspoken tears.

What we hear is the fleeting echo;

A song dies out, but a dream lives on;

The rose-red tints of the rarest morning

Are lingering yet in a distant dawn.

Sometimes, dim in the days to follow

And far away in the life to be,

Passing sweet, is a song of gladness—

The spirit-chant of the soul set free.

Chords untouched are the ones we wait for—

That never rise from the harp unstrung;

We turn our steps to the years beyond us,

And listen still for the song unsung.

—ERNEST MCGRUFFY.

Sidney R. Curtis of Troy, N. Y., is the guest of his son, Frank E. Curtis of Quincy street.

Phillip B. Potter of Wall street left today for Lake St. Catherine for a few weeks' outing.

"The laborer gives his work and the

POLITICAL FACTS.

Deeds are facts and are forever and ever. * * * In silver countries, labor is cheap and kept cheap by the silver dollar. For my part I do not want that kind of prosperity. I want a prosperity, which, by good wages to all, is shared by all. We want a broader life broadening every day for all our people.—THOMAS B. REED.

day skilled labor, 80 cents to \$1.25 per day. Estimated wealth, \$4,700,000,000. Commerce, \$1,086,882,690.

UNITED KINGDOM.

Unskilled labor, 60 to 85 cents per day; skilled labor, \$1 to \$3 per day. Estimated wealth, \$47,000,000,000. Commerce, \$3,310,688,940.

ARGENTINA.

This country is nominally on a gold basis, but the money in circulation is chiefly depreciated paper. Unskilled labor, 70 cents to \$1.80 per day; skilled labor, \$1 to \$3 per day. Estimated wealth, \$3,545,000,000. Commerce, \$187,660,929.

NORWAY AND SWEDEN.

Unskilled labor, 60 to 75 cents per day; skilled labor, 75 cents to \$1.50 per day. Estimated wealth, \$4,400,000,000. Commerce, \$207,710,516.

SPAIN.

Unskilled labor, 40 to 55 cents per day; skilled labor, 50 cents to \$1.10 per day. Estimated wealth, \$12,680,000,000. Commerce, \$235,181,890.

IRELAND.

Unskilled labor, 25 to 50 cents per day; skilled labor, 50 cents to \$1.25 per day. Estimated wealth, \$2,965,000,000. Commerce, \$176,183,820.

PORTUGAL.

Unskilled labor, 18 to 40 cents per day; skilled labor, 50 cents to \$2 per day. Estimated wealth, \$2,040,000,000. Commerce, \$69,417,900.

CANADA.

Unskilled labor, \$1 to \$1.25 per day; skilled labor, \$1.25 to \$3 per day. Estimated wealth, \$4,900,000,000. Commerce, \$280,815,932.

SWITZERLAND.

Unskilled labor, 30 to 60 cents per day; skilled labor, 50 cents to \$3 per day. Estimated wealth, \$2,470,000,000. Commerce, \$810,770,012.

VENEZUELA.

Unskilled labor, 80 cents to \$1 per day; skilled labor, \$1.50 to \$3. Commerce, \$39,028,000.

UNITED STATES.

Unskilled labor, \$1 to \$1.50 per day; skilled labor, \$1.50 to \$5. Estimated wealth, \$64,120,000,000. Commerce, \$1,547,135,194.

CHILE.

Unskilled labor, 90 cents to \$1.10 per day; skilled labor, \$1.25 to \$1.50 per day. Commerce, \$46,851,430.

AUSTRALASIA.

Unskilled labor, \$1.50 to \$1.60 per day; skilled labor, \$2 to \$5 per day. Estimated wealth, \$6,862,000,000. Commerce, \$561,294,945.

Civilization rests on intercourse between people widely separated. The railroad, the telegraph and the swift sailing ocean steamer have exercised a civilizing and enlightening influence which has made the whole world better. Yet the advocates of free coinage, like the advocates of free trade, found their chief argument on our independence. "We can get along without the rest of the world," they say. Japan got along without the rest of the world for a long time, but Japan's real progress began when Commodore Perry forced open her ports.

WAKE UP!

Honest Men Must Work Hard if They Would Retain Reputation.

It is not at all doubtful that the silver repudiationists are in earnest, dead in earnest. They are full of hope and vigorous determination.

But how is it with the enemies of repudiation? Are they proceeding as if they were impressed by the danger of financial ruin which now menaces this country? They seem to be incapable of understanding that in this campaign every business interest and every man's property or wages are really and actually in peril. It is impossible that the people should vote for such disaster, they say. But why is it impossible? The same Democrats said it was impossible that the silverites should control the Chicago convention, and they remained aloof while the silver crowd were drumming up the delegates. Then they turned, with childish confidence, to Mr. Whitney. They thought he could stop the configuration, but it went on, gathering new force as it proceeded. Now they are talking again of some cheap device to put it off. They are talking about a new and a second money ticket in order to gratify their partisan and personal prejudices.

Men who have time to spend in such comparative trifling cannot be very much in earnest. If their houses were on fire or their notes likely to go to protest, they would have something of more pressing importance than the cut of their coats to think about. But now, when all their financial security is in peril, they are idle.

There is nothing imaginary about it. The danger is real. It is not only possible, but it is also even probable if this inability to comprehend the actual situation continues to be exhibited. Wake up! The threatened ruin can be prevented by the union of the forces of honesty, but to avert it they must get together and fight hard from now until November.—New York Sun.

A great many people who have voted the Democratic ticket all their lives are arguing that "regularity" is above principle. A man who does not believe in the principles of the Democratic party is not a Democrat, and the Chicago platform is the expression of Democratic principles in this campaign. No man who believes in honest money today is a Democrat.

Seventy Millions' Loss to Pensioners.

The government pays about \$140,000,000 a year to pensioners. The payments last year were \$141,895,229. Every one of these dollars was worth 100 cents and equal to a dollar in gold. If the policy of the Bryan platform and party should be made effective by the legislation which Bryan and his followers demand, every dollar thereafter received by a pensioner would be worth only 58 cents.—New York Times.

LABOR POORLY PAID.

IN COUNTRIES WHERE SILVER IS THE STANDARD OF VALUE.

Here Are Official Figures to Prove How Free Coinage Will Hurt the Wage Earner—An Unanswerable Argument Against Bryan's Platform.

The utter fallacy of the arguments of the silver men cannot be better shown than by the labor and commercial statistics of the various silver using countries of the world, which the New York Herald has compiled, and which we compare with those of countries on a gold basis.

This table gives the monetary units in which the wages of labor are paid in the various silver standard countries, showing the nominal value of the silver coins in United States gold at the ratio of 16 to 1 and their actual present value, or purchasing power, as compared with gold:

Monetary Unit. Nominal Value. Actual Value.

Bolivia. Boliviano. \$0.637.

Argentine. Argentine. \$0.473.

Costa Rica. Costa Rican. \$0.473.

Guatemala. Guatemalan. \$0.473.

Honduras. Honduran. \$0.473.

Nicaragua. Nicaraguan. \$0.473.

Salvador. Salvadoran. \$0.473.

China. Chinese. \$0.473.

Colombia. Colombian. \$0.473.

Romania. Rumanian. \$0.473.

Japan. Japanese. \$0.473.

Mexico. Mexican. \$0.473.

Persia. Persian. \$0.473.

Peru. Peruvian. \$0.473.

Russia. Russian. \$0.473.

Uruguay. Uruguayan. \$0.473.

Countries on a Silver Basis.

AUSTRIA.

This country is now on a gold basis, but the silver standard prevailed up to August, 1892. It is shown as a silver country, because the latest statistics as to the rate of wages available are for the year 1891, when the silver standard prevailed. Average daily wages for unskilled labor, from 40 to 50 cents per day; skilled labor, 50 cents to \$1.30 per day. Estimated wealth, \$18,275,000,000. Foreign commerce, \$303,579,544 annually.

CHINA.

Unskilled labor, 10 to 20 cents per day; skilled labor, 20 to 40 cents per day. Commerce, \$50,754,853.

INDIA.

This country is nominally on a silver basis, though preparing to adopt the gold standard in the near future. The currency is all paper, and, in anticipation of the adoption of the gold standard, the paper ruble, though legally redeemable in silver, has appreciated in value until it has approximated the value of the gold ruble. Wages being paid in paper, have increased in purchasing power with the increase in the value of the paper ruble. Unskilled labor, 40 to 50 cents per day; skilled labor, 50 cents to \$1 per day. Estimated wealth, \$20,445,000,000. Commerce, \$613,059,000.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

With the exception of Costa Rica, which quite recently adopted the gold standard, all the countries of Central America have the silver standard. In these countries the wages of unskilled labor average from 12 1/2 to 80 cents per day, and for skilled labor from \$1 to \$2.50 per day. The combined annual foreign commerce of Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua and Salvador amounts to \$50,000,000.

PERSIA.

Unskilled labor, 20 to 25 cents per day; skilled labor, 40 to 70 cents per day. Commerce, \$28,500,000.

PERU.

Unskilled labor, 40 to 60 cents per day; skilled labor, 50 cents to \$2.50 per day. Commerce, \$25,925,000.

URUGUAY.

Unskilled labor, 50 cents to \$1 per day; skilled labor, 75 cents to \$1.50 per day. Commerce, \$65,275,085.

MEXICO.

Unskilled labor, 45 to 60 cents per day; skilled labor, 50 cents to \$1.80 per day. Estimated wealth, \$4,000,000,000. Commerce, \$38,762,036.

COLOMBIA.

Unskilled labor, 25 to 50 cents per day; skilled labor, 60 cents to \$1.75 per day. Commerce, \$29,342,000.

JAPAN.

Unskilled labor, 15 to 20 cents per day; skilled labor, 30 to 50 cents per day. Commerce, \$119,423,976.

INDIA.

Unskilled labor, from 11 to 17 cents per day; skilled labor, 20 to 45 cents per day. Commerce, \$478,690,118.

ECUADOR.

Unskilled labor, 20 to 50 cents per day; skilled labor, 60 cents to \$1.25 per day. Commerce, \$3,737,000.

Countries on a Gold Basis.

BRAZIL.

This country is nominally on a gold basis, but the currency is depreciated paper. Unskilled labor, 50 to 80 cents per day; skilled labor, 50 cents to \$2.25 per day. Commerce, \$279,587,631.

BELEGIUM.

Unskilled labor, 50 to 60 cents per day; skilled labor, 75 cents to \$1.50 per day. Estimated wealth, \$5,085,000,000. Commerce, \$655,496,492.

DENMARK.

Unskilled labor, 60 to 75 cents per day; skilled labor, 75 cents to \$1.50 per day. Estimated wealth, \$2,020,000,000. Commerce, \$164,186,892.

FRANCE.

Unskilled labor, 60 to 75 cents per day; skilled labor, 80 cents to \$2 per day. Estimated wealth, \$42,990,000,000. Commerce, \$1,721,468,500.

GERMANY.

Unskilled labor, 40 to 70 cents per day; skilled labor, 75 cents to \$2 per day. Estimated wealth, \$33,185,000,000. Commerce, \$1,878,968,680.

ITALY.

Unskilled labor, 80 to 70 cents per day; skilled labor, 40 cents to \$1.25 per day. Estimated wealth, \$14,815,000,000. Commerce, \$469,859,912.

HOLLAND.

Unskilled labor, 50 to 85 cents per

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

Fitchburg Railroad.

Corrected July 1, 1896.

Trains Leave North Adams going East—6:37, 12:13, 7:23, 9:55, 11:45, 2:25, 4:25, 14:10, 12:00 p.m.

Going West—3:35, 7:45, 10:30 a.m.; 12:30, 1:24, 5:00, 12:00, 11:45, 12:30 p.m.

Wedding Gifts Bridesmaids' Ushers' Gifts.

Sterling Silver Ware. Silver Novelties. Cut Glass Ware. Watches, Jewelry, and Diamonds.

The largest Stock of the finest quality of goods at the Lowest Prices in the City. The Old and Reliable Wilson Block Jeweler.

L. M. BARNES,
Agent for the
HUNTER and BARNES'
Bicycles.

Your Stable....

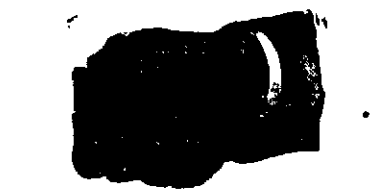
Will be Much Sweeter and your Horses and Cattle will be Much CLEANER by the use of.....

Baled Shavings...

Oh, by the way, I neglected to state they only cost ONE-HALF as much as Straw. Drop in at

ARNOLD'S
31 State Street.
and see about it.

F. G. FOUNTAIN,



THE NEW & POCKET KODAK.
THE NEW & BULL'S EYE

Are the favorites and leaders in the race. Popular and pleasant Amateur Photography. No one can afford to do without Good Pictures when they can be obtained with so little trouble and expense.

F. G. FOUNTAIN.

SOCIETY STATIONERY AND PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES.

Bank Street, North Adams, Mass.

SIMMONS & CARPENTER.
Furnishing Undertakers.
No. 27, Eagle St., North Adams, Mass.

JOHN E. MAGENIS.
Attorney & Counselor.
211 Main Street, North Adams, Mass.

C. T. PHELPS.
Attorney and Counselor.
At Law, Office, Adams Bank Block, Main Street, North Adams.

DR. ANNE M. BLOSSOM.
Physician and Surgeon.
(Church Place, Office hours 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 5 p. m.; 7 to 10 p. m.)

B. W. NILES.
Attorney and Counselor.
At Law, Office, Hoosac Savings Bank Block, Main Street, North Adams.

EDWIN T. BARLOW, B. S., Architect.

Office in Hoosac Savings Bank building. Room 21. Hours 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.; Evenings by appointment.

I. M. BLANCHARD.
Garment Dyer and Cleaner.
All kinds of clothing dyed, cleaned or repaired. Suits pressed and pressed at short notice. 28 Eagle Street.

DR. GEORGE E. HARDER, V. S.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
Office Ford & Arnold's Stable. Telephone 243. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 5 to 10 p. m.

W. G. PARKER.
Practical Machinist.
Tight Machine and General Repairing. Model and experimental work. Engine repairing. Rear Hoosac Bank Block, Main Street.

J. H. FLAGG.
Livery, Haul and Boarding Stable.
Main street, opposite the Wilson House, North Adams. Nice coaches for weddings, parties and funerals. First-class single horse and carriages at short notice on reasonable terms. Also village coach to and from all trains. Telephone connection.

E. E. VADNAIS, D. D. S.
Dental Physician.
11 Main Street. Office hours 9 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.; 7 to 10 p. m. Gold filling a specialty.

C. W. WRIGHT, M. D.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
New Bank Block, Main Street. Attending Eye and Ear Surgeon at hospital. Formerly clinical assistant at Central London Eye Hospital, also Assistant Surgeon at New York Throat and Nose Hospital. Glasses properly fitted.

J. T. POTTER.
Attorney and Counselor.
At Law, Office, Adams Bank Block, Main Street, North Adams.

EDMUND WADSWORTH.
Carriage and Wagon Builder.
Manufacturer of light carriages, sleighs, road, business and heavy wagons made to order at short notice. All work warranted and completed. Repairing in all its branches at reasonable prices. Dealer in all kinds of factory wagons and carriages, harnesses, robes and blankets. Center St., rear of Blackstone Block.

SUBURBAN NEWS.

Happenings of Interest in Our Neighbor Towns.

AT ADAMS TODAY.

The L. L. Brown Company's Centre Street Mill Shut Down. While the New Engine is Being Put in—Notre Dame Bazaar to Re-open Tonight. L. A. Weston to do the Plumbing and Piping for the Berkshire Company's Twenty New Tenements—Lafayette Band to Engage an Experienced Band Master.

Brown Paper Mill Shut Down.

The new engine of the L. L. Brown paper company was shipped today and is expected early next week. The mill shut down today for a week and if the engine is not in place at that time the shut-down will necessarily extend longer. The machine comes from Knowlton & Kelley of Troy, N. Y., and workmen representing that firm will begin taking down the old one Monday morning.

To Have a New Band-Master.

Lafayette band is corresponding with a well known musician, W. P. Spary of Providence, R. I., with the object of engaging him as director. Mr. Spary was formerly a member of Reeves' band of Providence and was once director of Colt's Army band of Hartford, Ct. It is probable that the gentleman will be engaged and if so, our already good band may be expected to make rapid strides.

Weston Gets Another Contract.

L. A. Weston has been given the contract by the Berkshire Cotton company to do all the plumbing and piping in connection with the twenty tenement houses now being built by James Fleming. The houses will have up-to-date plumbing in every particular. Mr. Weston will begin his work within a short time.

NOTRE DAME BAZAAR.

The fair of Notre Dame parish will reopen at the parochial school this evening. There will be an excellent entertainment consisting of a farce by the young men of the parish who have been preparing for some time past.

The Assembly club will hold its regular dance Tuesday evening.

Miss Rose Deroberts of North Adams is visiting Mrs. John Bortolone.

Stanislaw Bajorin, the three-months-old son of Joseph and Augustine Bajorin died at his home at Maple Grove, this morning and will be buried Sunday afternoon.

Thomas P. Welch and Henry M. Fern went to Rivoli today to hear Candidate W. J. Baker and children went today to Keene, N. H., to stay a week.

Mrs. H. O. Bliss and daughter, of Springfield, who have been visiting Mrs. Bliss' father, Daniel Upton, returned home this morning.

Rev. Father Triganne and his mother have returned from a short stay in Canada.

George B. Allen is spending his vacation in Vineland, N. J.

The commissioned and non-commissioned officers of Company M will meet at the Armory Monday evening.

There was a pleasant private dance at Cassidy's boarding house on Temple street Friday evening.

The Father Mathew society will have a dance at Temperance hall next Friday evening.

A new fad has taken firm hold of local wheelmen. They extend rubber bands from the top to the bottom bars of the frame and when the rider gets going at a good pace the vibration of the bands causes a loud buzzing sound.

Joe Raily played with the Stanley's in Pittsfield today.

The continued case against Joseph Claudi for assaulting and threatening to kill his wife, came up before Judge Bixby this morning and was placed on file.

The Redfords will play in Leo September 5.

The funeral of the late Prosper Ganay occurred from the church of Notre Dame at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Miss Hazel Sanderson is visiting friends in Westfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry F. Barrett will leave Monday for a vacation at the seashore.

Miss Margaret Broderick and Nellie McNulty left this morning for Hudson, N. Y., and will spend a week in the Catskills.

The Christian Endeavor society enjoyed a trolley ride to Williamstown and a picnic in Cole's grove at that place today.

The Alerts are endeavoring to secure pictures of ex-members to place in the house house.

Misses Julia Kellogg and Margaret R. Smith of Williamstown were at Cheshire on Friday.

J. S. Tyrrell of Wolcott, N. Y., was at his father's, Ezra Tyrrell, today.

A coaching party of nine from Pittsfield and Chicago took dinner at the inn here Friday. Millionaire James Walker was in the party on their way to Pittsfield from Williamstown.

Albert Farrum is in the eastern part of the state on business.

Fred Farrar of Salem is stopping in town.

A gathering of relatives were entertained by Miss May Ingalls at her home

today, previous to her going back to her school at Portland, Oregon.

Blackberry pickers are reporting having picked eighteen quarts in two hours and from fifty to sixty quarts in a day. The prices are ranging from five cents upwards. The market is pretty well stocked at Adams and here.

The Cheshires played the Hinsdale here a ball game this afternoon.

The house of W. B. Dean is being repaired and a new piazza is being put up. Mrs. R. A. Lochart and Mrs. Gardiner of Bridgeport, Conn., are late arrivals at the Cedars.

Mrs. L. Daniels and sister of Adams, were guests of Angie Leonard on Friday.

Miss May Ingalls of Dalton was in town on Friday on her wheel.

Miss May Ingalls who has been teaching at Portland, Oregon seven years past and who has been away three years from here, returns next week.

Bernard Prout of New York, is visiting in town among relatives.

Isaac Brown of North Adams was in town on Friday.

Henry Pettit of New Lebanon, N. Y., is stopping at Daniel Cone's.

Herbert Dean returns this evening by the way of Boston from Georgia where he has been a few weeks.

E. D. Blush was at Hinsdale today.

Rev. J. E. Bowen of Westport, N. Y., was in town the past week looking over the town records and books in relation to the Bowen history and genealogy. The first emigrant of that name located at Rehoboth. There are two direct descendants living here. H. C. Bowen and Mrs. Calvin J. Reynolds.

There is some quibbling over the paying of the Rev. E. N. Harding as has been promised by the dissenters if he will vacate, resign the church and leave town. The incorporation of the society (not the church) meeting, to be held the 28th is all sufficient to cause fear upon the dissenters part that they may be left. This affair has been assuming large proportions for the past week, and others outside of the church membership are mixing in meddlesome style.

WILLIAMSTOWN.

To Form a Sound Money Club.

C. H. King, secretary of the Republican town committee, has issued a call for Republicans and all other persons interested in the maintenance of a gold standard to meet at the opera house at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening and organize a McKinley-Hobart club.

William Williamson, Williams '96, fell from a tree at his home in Manchester, N. H., recently and broke his right leg below the knee.

John Edwards has gone to Manchester, N. H., to work.

Dr. H. B. Vale, Williams '92, now of the New York, N. Y., city hospital, is visiting friends in town.

G. Asznerahn is in Boston.

George Owens has obtained possession of the Hubbell horse which ran away with fatal result to its driver in June.

The lawn party held by the women of Water street Friday afternoon and evening, to increase the fund of the street improvement society, was a complete success.

Dr. V. Adriance, Williams '90, has been appointed assistant instructor of physiology in the college of physicians and surgeons, New York city.

There will be a dance at Cole's grove from 8 to 11.15 o'clock tonight. The ideal orchestra of North Adams will provide music and Harry Browne will provide Sunday afternoon there will be a sacred concert by the same orchestra, and Master Fox, the boy soprano will sing at 4.30 and 5.30 o'clock.

HAVE NO EQUAL.

That is North Adams Testimony and Therefore Reliable.

Mrs. O. P. Darling lives at 25 Washington avenue. Her testimony avails the long list that has already been published in North Adams and the expression: "Have no equal" used in Mrs. Darling's statement is a fitting tribute to the Quaker remedy. That lady says:—"For over five years I have been afflicted with kidney trouble. I have used treated for it by physicians. I have used home remedies, and I have taken patent medicines without obtaining a positive or anything like a perfect cure. Two years ago I was under the massage treatment. It seemed to relieve me. For a time I was free from backache but it came on me again a short time ago with full force. I might say I have not been free for over a year from aching over the kidneys. Many a time I have exclaimed, Oh, if I could be free from this backache for only a day. Pains extended down the thighs and to add to my other suffering painful urination nearly drove me distracted. Reading about the cures effected by Doan's Kidney Pills induced me to send to Burlington & Darby and get a box. As a kidney remedy they have no equal. I do not think anything could be more satisfactory in promptitude and effectiveness of action. Now I have no urinary trouble. I can sleep at night. Every day is free from backache and the pains that used to rack my frame have ceased. There is great reason why I should strongly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to all having kidney trouble."

It isn't what we say that we ask you to believe, it's what the people say. Neighbors and friends whose statements you cannot doubt. No other preparation known can or has produced the local treatment that is given to Doan's Kidney Pills. That's why they have no equal. Read the papers and learn what the public think of them.

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box; for sale by all dealers; sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Price 25 and 50 Cents.

DR. STEWART CO.
Williamstown, Mass.

Special Notice.

To Henry Toner, President of the Grand Army Benevolent Association of North Adams.

You are hereby respectfully requested to call a special meeting of the above named association to be held at the Grand Army Hall, 21 said North Adams, on Thursday, August 27, 1898, at 8 o'clock p. m., of said day for the purpose of choosing a committee to enter into a contract in behalf of said association for the erection of a building on the lot purchased of E. J. Whitney, on Holden street, and to make all other contracts for the completion of said building. Also to authorize W. G. Cady to execute a note and mortgage in behalf of said association to the North Adams Savings Bank for the sum of five thousand dollars on said property.

North Adams, August 20, 1898.

A. POTTER, W. P. DANNY, E. E. STOCKWELL, F. W. FULTON, HENRY A. TOWNE, F. W. MANIER, GEORGE E. WATKINS, FRANK H. WILKINS, ARTHUR F. LEE, FRANK M. HANNAHAN, F. S. ILLINGWORTH.

It makes light work of a heavy wash, does

Sunlight Soap

Possibly you are using it; if not, why not try it?

Brightest Homes Everywhere.

Levee Bros., Ltd., Hudson & Harrison Sts., New York.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

Baby's Second Summer

is the time that tries all the care of the mother and all the skill of maternal management. Baby comfort comes from fat; fat babies have nothing to do but to sleep and grow.

If your baby does not seem to prosper, if he does not gain in weight, you must get more fat there. A few drops of

Scott's Emulsion

each day will put on plumpness; fat outside, life inside, baby and mother both happy.

Your baby can take and relish Scott's Emulsion as much in summer as in any other season.

For sale by all druggists at 50c. and 50c.

Buckley's Arnica Salve.
The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Itches, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction for more than twenty years.

For sale by Burlington and Darby

Electric Bitters.
Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed in the spring, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic alternative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often effected cures and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. Only fifty cents per bottle at Burlington & Darby's drug store.

Catarrh.
or Cold in the Head. Are you troubled with it? If so, a teaspoonful of

Darby's Celery Salts dissolved in a full glass of warm water gargled and snuffed through the nose will give immediate relief. I have used home remedies for a few weeks, will cure the most obstinate case of Catarrh.

Your head is filled with it is it? Caught cold and it settled in your nose. A teaspoonful of Darby's Celery Salts in a glass of warm water will clear out your head.

Darby's Celery Salts.
For sale by all druggists. 50c. a bottle.

Bicyclists Attention!!!

IF YOU RIDE A BICYCLE YOU MUST

Use Dr. Stewart's Hyperbolic Powder. prevents chafing, cure of the evil so common to all who ride. The nature of these substances render them especially suited for the purpose for which the powder is intended.

This Powder was used by hundreds last year whose testimonials of its excellent preventive power would make a small interesting book. Pleasant to use, its grateful cooling influence is felt at once upon first application. It does not clog the pores but keeps the skin cool and moist as the amount is not reduced to less than a natural condition.

Send for the book, "The Proper Care of the Hands and Feet." Mailed to Any Address on Receipt of Price, 25c (small size), 50c (large size).

Mailed to any address.

Price 25 and 50 Cents.

DR. STEWART CO.
Williamstown, Mass.

Special Notice.

To Henry Toner, President of the Grand Army Benevolent Association of North Adams.

You are hereby respectfully requested to call a special meeting of the above named association to be held at the Grand Army Hall, 21 said North Adams, on Thursday, August 27, 1898, at 8 o'clock p. m., of said day for the purpose of choosing a committee to enter into a contract in behalf of said association for the erection of a building on the lot purchased of E. J. Whitney, on Holden street, and to make all other contracts for the completion of said building. Also to authorize W. G. Cady to execute a note and mortgage in behalf of said association to the North Adams Savings Bank for the sum of five thousand dollars on said property.

North Adams, August 20, 1898.

A. POTTER, W. P. DANNY, E. E. STOCKWELL, F. W. FULTON, HENRY A. TOWNE, F. W. MANIER, GEORGE E. WATKINS, FRANK H. WILKINS, ARTHUR F. LEE, FRANK M. HANNAHAN, F. S. ILLINGWORTH.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

Petition.

To the Honorable City Council of the City of North Adams in the County of Berkshire, Massachusetts.

The Hoosac Valley Street Railway Company, a corporation duly established by the laws of the State of Massachusetts and located in the city of North Adams, respectfully represents that its charter has been duly accepted and that its tracks have been duly located and constructed in said city of North Adams.

Wherefore, it prays your honorable council will extend the location of its tracks within the city of North Adams to wit: Beginning on Main street in said North Adams at a point opposite the Hoosac Savings Bank building and at the present terminus of the track of the said Hoosac Valley Street Railway Company; thence running easterly along Main street to Eagle street; thence running northerly along Eagle street to Union street; thence running easterly along Union street to Beaver street; thence running easterly and northerly along Beaver street to a point in the city of North Adams and that such order may be passed as the public convenience and necessity may require.

The corporation does not ask for the exclusive right to use the streets above named for street railway purposes, but expressly states that the said streets may be used for the location of the tracks of any other street railway company when the City Council shall determine that the interests of the public so require.

In witness whereof the Directors of the Hoosac Valley Street Railway Company, being lawfully authorized to do so, have hereunto set their hands and seals this 15th day of August, A. D. 1898.

HOOSAC VALLEY STREET RAILWAY CO.
O. A. ARCHER, J. O. RICHMOND, E. E. HANBURY, S. PROCTOR THAYER, Directors.

A true copy. Attest CHAR. S. BOOKER, City Clerk.

CITY OF NORTH ADAMS, Is Civil Court.

Ordered: That a public hearing be given upon the petition of the Hoosac Valley Street Railway Company dated August 10, 1898, for an extension of the location of its tracks in the city of North Adams for the purpose of connecting said petition and setting upon it on Friday, September 4, 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court room in North Adams and that due notice of said hearing shall be given to all persons interested by publishing the same in the North Adams Transcript and the Evening Herald, public newspapers published in said city, at least ten days before the day of said hearing.

A true copy. Attest CHAR. S. BOOKER, City Clerk.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

MASSACHUSETTS HIGHWAY COMMISSION.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals for building a road in the town of North Adams, Berkshire county, Mass., will be received by the Massachusetts Highway Commission at their office, No. 4 Mt. Vernon street, Boston, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the twenty-seventh day of August, 1898, and at that time will be publicly opened and read.

All bids will be enclosed in blank forms to be obtained of the Commissioners at their office, and must be accompanied by the cash in writing and figures and must be signed by the bidder, with his address and endorsed "Proposal for road in the town of North Adams, Berkshire county, Mass."

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for five hundred dollars (\$500.00) such check MUST NOT BE IN CASH and must be payable to the order of the Commissioners. The performance of the contract, and a bond of twenty-five per cent to indemnify the city of North Adams against damage while such road is being constructed.

Citizens of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts only are to be employed on the work. (Section 2, Chapter 481, Acts of 1896.)

A sample of the estimate of quantities of work to be done, as follows:

200 cubic yards excavation or embankment, excepting ledge.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid dry.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

200 cubic yards of broken stone, laid in cement.

Your Last Opportunity TO SECURE THE ENCYCLOPEDIA BRITANNICA.

This Offer will be Withdrawn Next Week.

